STATE OF ILLINOIS ILLINOIS COMMERCE COMMISSION

Wisconsin Energy Corporation, Integrys)	
Group, Inc., Peoples Energy, LLC The)	
Peoples Light and Coke Company, North)	
Shore Gas Company, ATC Management Inc.,)	
and American Transmission Company LLC)	
)	
Application pursuant to Section 7-204 of)	Docket No. 14-0496
The Public Utilities Act for authority to)	
engage in a Reorganization, to enter into an)	
agreement with affiliated interests pursuant)	
to Section 7-101, And for such other)	
approvals as may be required under the)	
Public Utilities Act to effectuate the)	
Reorganization)	

REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAVID J. EFFRON ON BEHALF OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS

AG Exhibit 3.0

JANUARY 15, 2015

ICC DOCKET NO. 14-0496 REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAVID J. EFFRON

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2	Q.	Please state your name and business address.
3	A.	My name is David J. Effron. My business address is 12 Pond Path, North Hampton,
4		New Hampshire, 03862.
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6	Q.	Have you previously submitted testimony in this docket?
7	A.	Yes. I submitted direct testimony on November 20, 2014, marked as AG Exhibit
8		1.0. My qualifications and experience are included with my direct testimony.
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10	II.	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY
10	11.	INTRODUCTION AND SUMMART OF TESTIMONT
11	Q.	What is the purpose of your rebuttal testimony?
12	A.	In this rebuttal testimony, I respond to the rebuttal testimony of Joint Applicants'
13		witnesses Leverett and Schott.
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15	III.	EMPLOYEE COMPLEMENT
16	Q.	In his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Schott responds to a question that has as its
17		premise that you have proposed that "the Commission here should direct
18		Peoples Gas and North Shore to adopt a new tariff rider that credits customers
19		with any net savings resulting from Gas Companies' actual FTE levels being
20		lower than the 2015 FTE forecasts." JA Ex. 9.0, at 19:395-398. Is this an
21		accurate representation of your direct testimony?

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

1 I.

No. What I stated in my direst testimony was that: "If the Gas Companies' forecasted headcounts are accepted by the Commission in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.), then the Commission should condition its approval of the Reorganization in the present case on any savings due to the difference between the headcounts for the test year reflected in the revenue requirements presented by the Gas Companies in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.) and the Joint Applicants' employee headcount commitment in the present case being properly credited to customers by means of a rider that would commence at the closing of the Transaction and would continue until the rates in the Gas Companies' next base rate case go into effect." AG Ex. 1.0, at 20:436-444 (emphasis added). Conditioning approval of the merger on the adoption of the described rider is not the same as ordering Peoples Gas and North Shore to adopt such a rider. Mr. Schott has mischaracterized my testimony. A similar description of my proposal regarding employee headcounts appears in one of the questions in Mr. Leverett's rebuttal testimony (JA Ex. 6.0, at 25:657-661) and is also a mischaracterization of my direct testimony.

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Q. Has either Mr. Schott or Mr. Leverett established that your proposed condition regarding employee headcounts is unreasonable or inappropriate?

A. No. Neither witness even addresses the adoption of the rider regarding employee headcounts in the context of its being a condition for approval of the merger. Rather, both witnesses address my proposal as if I were recommending that the rider be

¹ Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.) are rate cases filed by North Shore Gas Company ("North Shore") and The Peoples Gas Light and Coke Company ("Peoples Gas"). (North Shore and Peoples Gas are referred to collectively as "the Gas Companies.")

unilaterally imposed on the Gas Companies. Their rebuttal testimony is simply irrelevant to my proposal.

Further, the Joint Applicants have represented that they are "prepared to provide immediate benefits to customers and the Illinois communities the Gas Companies serve by making commitments that it would accept as conditions on the Commission's approval of the Reorganization." JA Ex. 1.0, at 15:331-334. It is in this context that the commitment to maintain minimum employee headcounts in Illinois was offered. However, in his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Leverett, referring to the higher headcounts forecasted by the Gas Companies in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.), states that "it is the headcount levels forecasted for Peoples Gas and North Shore in those rate cases that represent the FTEs that will be needed to provide adequate, reliable, efficient, safe, and least-cost service in 2015 and 2016." JA Ex. 6.0, at 26:681-864.

If the headcount levels forecasted for Peoples Gas and North Shore in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.) are "needed to provide adequate, reliable, efficient, safe, and least-cost service in 2015 and 2016," then the Joint Applicants' commitment in this case to maintain minimum employee headcounts in Illinois is of no value, as that commitment is based on employee headcounts below the employee levels Mr. Leverett now claims are necessary "to provide adequate, reliable, efficient, safe, and least-cost service in 2015 and 2016." If the commitment to maintain designated employee headcounts is to have any value to customers and the Illinois communities the Gas Companies serve, then further conditions must attach to this commitment.

A.

Q. Do you have a response to the assertion that your proposal is inconsistent with proscriptions against "single issue and/or retroactive ratemaking"? JA Ex. 9.0, at 20:418-420.

Yes. As a general matter, I believe that arguments of this nature are best left to the attorneys. That being said, this assertion appears to be premised on the mistaken assumption that I am proposing that the described rider be unilaterally imposed on the Gas Companies. The Joint Applicants' assertion is irrelevant to what I actually am proposing, which is that the Commission should condition its approval of the Reorganization on the described employee headcount rider.

The Joint Applicants characterize their minimum employee headcount as providing an immediate benefit to customers. The issue of the appropriate test-year employee headcounts for North Shore and Peoples Gas was contested in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.). The Joint Applicants' characterization of the minimum employee headcount commitment as a benefit to customers in the present case is inconsistent with the test-year employee headcounts presented by the Gas Companies in the rate cases as being necessary to provide safe and reliable service. My proposal is not single-issue ratemaking, but is rather an effort to give some substance to the Joint Applicants' minimum employee headcount commitment. My proposal does not constitute single-issue ratemaking but is rather an effort to resolve this inconsistency and to do so in a way that would "provide immediate benefits to customers."

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90	IV.	INTEGRYS	CUSTOMER	EXPERIENCE	PROJECT	("ICE")
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- Q. In his rebuttal testimony, Mr. Schott claims that you propose that the Commission should require the Gas Companies to adopt a new tariff rider that credits customers with net savings, if any, resulting from the ICE project. JA Ex. 9.0, at 21:461-464. Does this accurately represent what you proposed in your direct testimony?
- 96 A. No. What I stated in my direct testimony was that: "If the Commission includes the 97 Gas Companies' forecast of ICE costs in the revenue requirement in Docket Nos. 14-98 0224/0225 (cons.), then the Commission should condition its approval of the 99 Reorganization in the present case on the reduction to costs resulting from the in-100 service of the ICE project (the cessation of the organizational readiness expenses 101 and the 'hard benefits' in the form of other cost reductions) being properly credited 102 to customers by means of a rider that would commence at the closing of the 103 Transaction and would continue until the rates in the Gas Companies' next base rate 104 case go into effect." AG Ex. 1.0, at 20:450-457 (emphasis added). Conditioning 105 approval of the merger on the adoption of the described rider is not the same as 106 ordering Peoples Gas and North Shore to implement such a rider. Mr. Schott has 107 again mischaracterized my testimony.

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109 Q. Mr. Schott claims that by relying on information the Joint Applicants provided 110 in JA Ex. 4.1 and in their data request responses related to the ICE project,

111	you are "trying to use older information to call into question updated
112	information." JA Ex. 9.0, at 22:476-480. Do you have a response?
113 A.	Yes. The so-called "older information" that I relied on is the data contained in the
114	response to JA AG 3.05 Attach 01 CONFIDENTIAL. When asked to identify the
115	differences between the "older information" and the "updated information", the
116	Joint Applicants described one, and only one, change to what Mr. Schott is now
117	characterizing as "older information." Specifically, the Joint Applicants stated
118	that: "Subsequent to the compilation of data underlying JA AG 3.05 Attach 01
119	CONFIDENTIAL, the estimated ICE implementation date for the Gas Companies
120	has moved from the second to the third quarter of 2015" Joint Applicants' response
121	to AG Data Request 3.06, which is attached as AG Ex. 1.7 to my direct testimony.
122	The delay in the estimated ICE implementation date by one quarter cannot
123	possibly explain why the billing for the return on assets/depreciation on the ICE
124	project would be moved forward from the beginning of 2016 to the beginning of
125	2015, as was assumed by the Gas Companies in the rate cases. Nor can the change
126	in the implementation date possibly explain the other significant discrepancies in
127	the treatment of ICE costs and benefits in the Gas Companies' rate cases, as
128	described in my direct testimony.
129	Mr. Schott notes that the response to JA AG 3.05 Attach 01
130	CONFIDENTIAL is based on data as of September 2012. However, if the only
131	change to that information is that the estimated ICE implementation date for the

Gas Companies has moved from the second to the third quarter of 2015, then JA

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AG 3.05 Attach 01 CONFIDENTIAL is in no way irrelevant to determining the effect of the ICE project on the Gas Companies' prospective expenses.

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Q. Can you explain further why you have identified the treatment of ICE costs and savings as a condition for approval of the merger, in response to JA Ex. 9.0, at 24:521-530?

Yes. As I stated in my direct testimony, the Gas Companies included ICE costs of approximately \$19.2 million in their test-year revenue requirements in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.). Based on information in the present case, the ICE project will produce "system savings greater than forecasted system costs" (Joint Applicants' response to AG 2.13, attached as AG Ex. 1.3 to my direct testimony). If the Commission includes the Gas Companies' forecast of ICE costs in the revenue requirement in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.), then customers will be paying \$19.2 million per year for ICE costs for as long as the rates established in those cases are in effect, without getting the benefit of any of the offsetting system savings. The Joint Applicants have stated that they are "prepared to provide immediate benefits to customers and the Illinois communities the Gas Companies serve by making commitments that it would accept as conditions on the Commission's approval of the Reorganization." JA Ex. 1.0, at 15:331-334. I believe that adoption of a mechanism that properly credits customers for the ICE savings is a reasonable condition for approval of the merger.

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155	Q.	Do you have a response to Mr. Schott's criticism that your proposal would
156		"credit customers with net savings (if any) that occur in 2015, 2016, and any
157		later period" but that "savings are not forecasted to occur until 2016"? JA Ex.
158		9.0, at 24-25:531-534.
159	A.	Yes. Evidence in the present case shows the benefits of the ICE project, in the form
160		of cost reductions, commence when the ICE project goes into service. That is, based
161		on the data presented in the present case, the savings are not forecasted to occur until
162		2016 because the ICE project does not go into service until 2016. The timing of the
163		ICE savings coincides with the allocation of ICE costs to the Gas Companies,
164		contrary to what the Gas Companies presented in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.)
165		Mr. Schott claims that my proposal "arbitrarily and selectively ignores any
166		changes in other costs (or savings) after 2015, including but not limited to inflation"
167		(id., at 25:534-536). However, if the system savings are greater than forecasted
168		system costs, then to the extent that system costs are affected by inflation or other
169		factors, then the savings will be equally affected. There is no mismatch between the
170		treatment of ICE costs and savings in my proposal.
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172	Q.	Do you have a response to Mr. Schott's rebuttal regarding inconsistency
173		between your proposal and proscriptions against "single-issue and/or
174		retroactive ratemaking"? JA Ex. 9.0, at 25:539-539.
175	A.	Yes. Again, as a general matter, I believe that arguments of this nature are best left
176		to the attorneys. However, Mr. Schott's rebuttal on this point also appears to be
177		premised on the mistaken assumption that I am proposing that the described rider be

unilaterally imposed on the Gas Companies. The Joint Applicants' assertion is irrelevant to what I actually am proposing, which is that the Commission should condition its approval of the Reorganization on establishment of a mechanism to properly credit customers for ICE system savings.

Like the employee headcount, the issue of the appropriate level of ICE expenses to include in the Gas Companies' revenue requirements was a contested issue in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.). The Gas Companies claimed ICE costs of approximately \$19.2 million in their test-year revenue requirements in Docket Nos. 14-0224/0225 (cons.). In the present case, the Joint Applicants disclosed information that the ICE project will produce system savings greater than forecasted system costs. This information has not been discredited or otherwise been shown to be irrelevant. In my opinion, the projection of ICE system savings greater than forecasted system costs is inconsistent with the inclusion of \$19.2 million of ICE system costs in the Gas Companies' revenue requirements. My proposal does not constitute single-issue ratemaking but is rather an effort to resolve this inconsistency and to do so in a way that would "provide immediate benefits to customers."

Q. Does this conclude your rebuttal testimony?

197 A. Yes.